

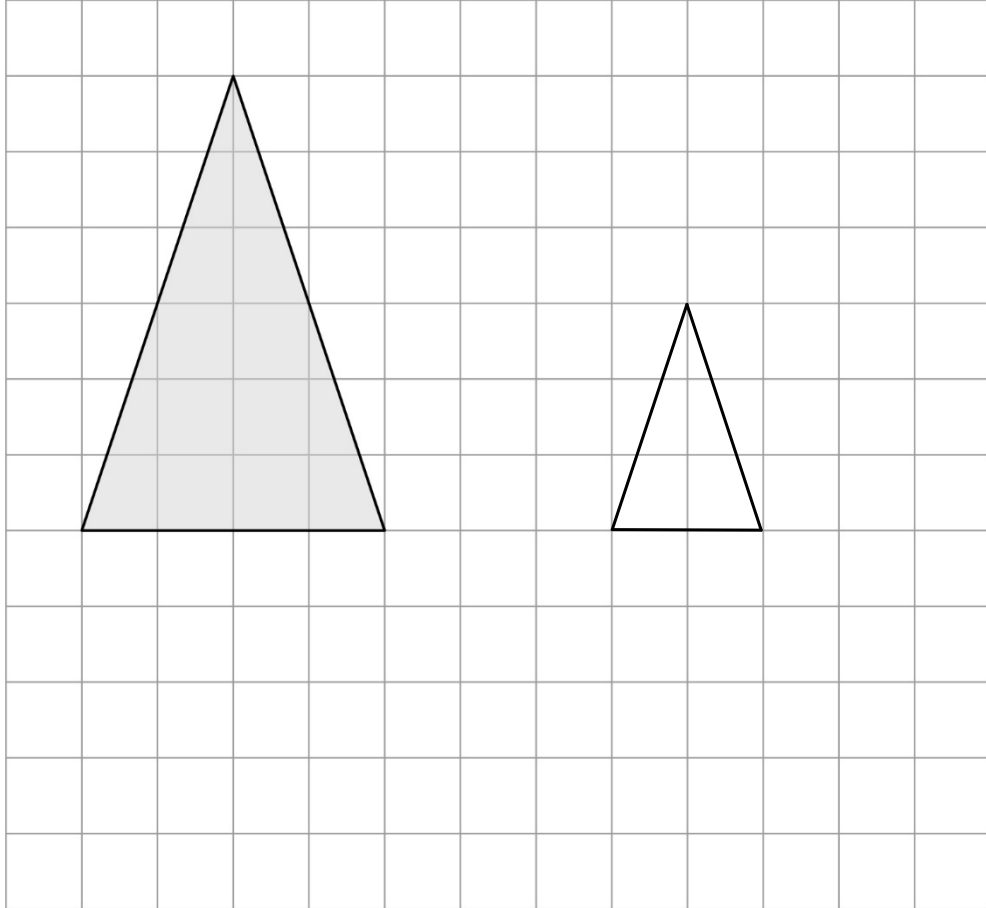
**GCSE**  
**MATHEMATICS (8300)**  
**HIGHER**  
Geometry

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Total number of marks: 39 per optional item

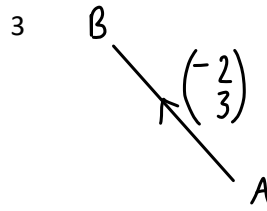
Q5

On the grid, draw an enlargement of the triangle with scale factor  $\frac{1}{2}$



(Total 2 marks)

Q2



The vector  $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  translates A to B.

Circle the vector that translates B to A.

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

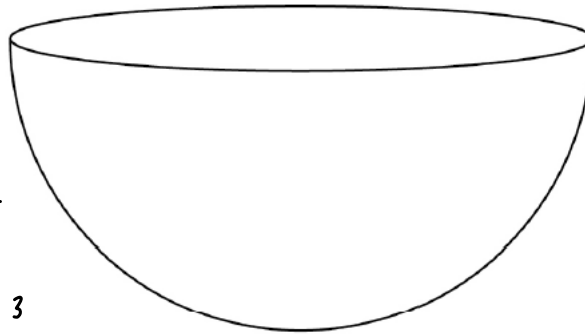
(Total 1 mark)

Q10

$$\text{Volume of a sphere} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 \text{ where } r \text{ is the radius}$$

A container is a hemisphere of radius 30 cm

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3} \pi (30)^3 \div 2 \\ &= \frac{113097.336 \text{ cm}^3}{2} \\ &= 56548.668 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$



Sand fills the container at a rate of  $4000 \text{ cm}^3$  per minute.

Does it take **less than** a quarter of an hour to fill the container?

You **must** show your working.

↳ 15 minutes

$$\text{in 15 minutes} \Rightarrow 4000 \times 15 = 60000 \text{ cm}^3 \quad (\text{Total 3 marks})$$

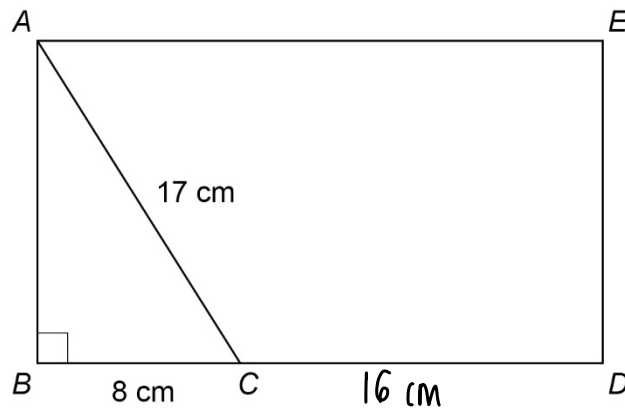
so yes, it takes less than a quarter of an hour to fill the container.

Q7

The diagram shows rectangle  $ABDE$  and right-angled triangle  $ABC$ .

$$AC = 17 \text{ cm}$$

$$BC = 8 \text{ cm}$$



Not drawn  
accurately

$$BC : CD = 1 : 2$$

Work out the area of rectangle  $ABDE$ .

Answer 360 cm<sup>2</sup>

(Total 4 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} AB^2 &= AC^2 - BC^2 \\ &= 17^2 - 8^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$AB^2 = 225$$

$$AB = 15$$

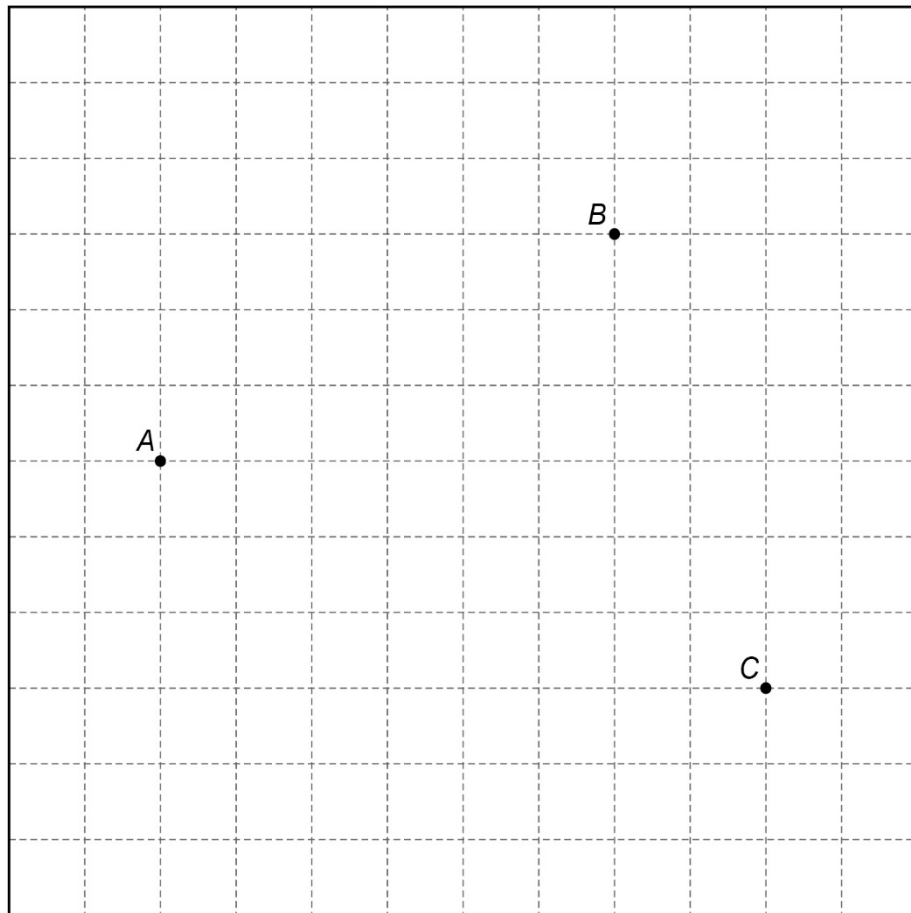
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= 24 \times 15 \\ &= 360 \end{aligned}$$

**Q5**

Using ruler and compasses, show the region inside the grid that is  
less than 4 cm from  $A$   
and  
nearer to  $B$  than to  $C$ .

Label the region  $R$ .

Show all your construction lines.

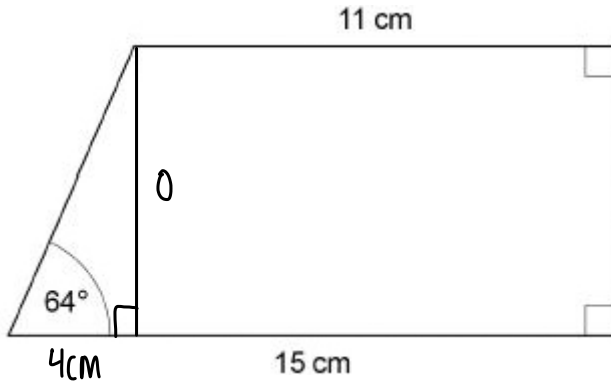


**(Total 3 marks)**

## Q19

Work out the area of the trapezium.

Not drawn accurately



$$A = \frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(11+15)(8.201)$$

$$A = 106.616$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{O}{A} \quad \text{Answer } \underline{107} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\tan(64) = \frac{O}{4} \Rightarrow O = 8.201 \text{ cm}$$

(Total 4 marks)

## Q3

Work out the arc length, in metres, of a semicircle of radius 6 metres.

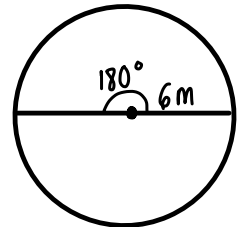
Circle your answer.

$3\pi$

$6\pi$

$12\pi$

$18\pi$



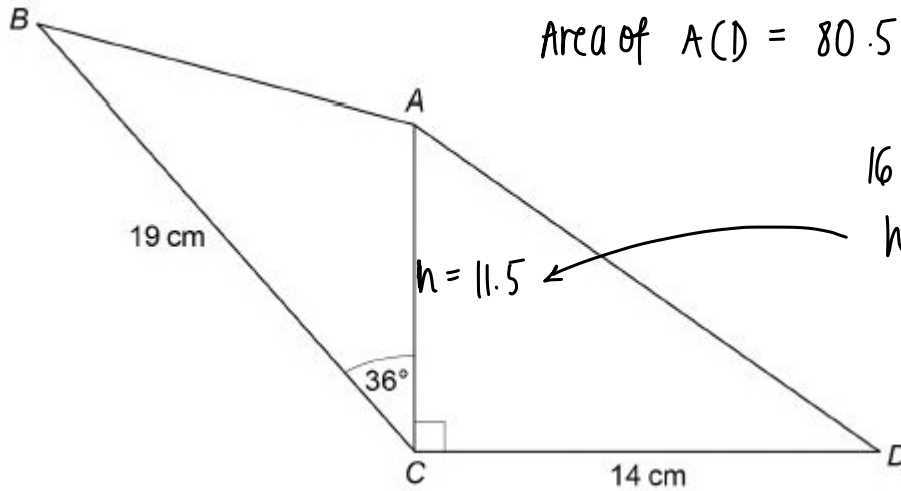
(Total 1 mark)

$$\text{arc length} = \frac{\theta}{360} \times 2\pi r \Rightarrow \frac{180}{360} \times 2\pi(6) = \frac{1}{2} \times 12\pi = 6\pi$$

## Q16

$ABC$  and  $ACD$  are triangles.

Not drawn accurately



$$\text{Area of } ACD = 80.5 = \frac{1}{2}(14 \times h)$$

$$161 = 14h$$

$$h = 11.5$$

$$h = 11.5$$

The area of  $ACD$  is  $80.5 \text{ cm}^2$

Work out the area of  $ABC$ .

Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

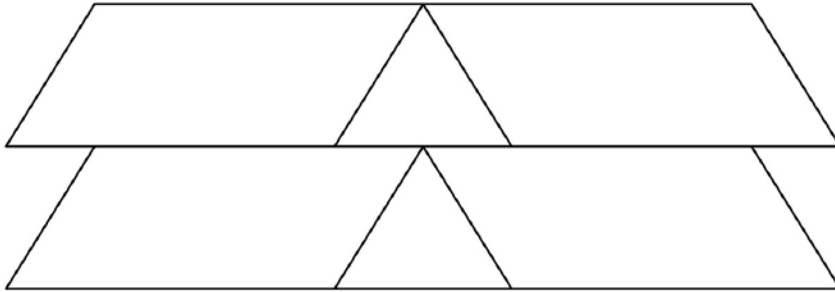
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of } ABC &= \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(19 \times 11.5) \sin(36) \end{aligned}$$

Answer 64.2 cm<sup>2</sup>

(Total 4 marks)

**Q8a**

This shape is made from two triangles and four congruent parallelograms.



Not drawn accurately

Tick the correct box.

The triangles are equilateral.

Must be true

Could be true

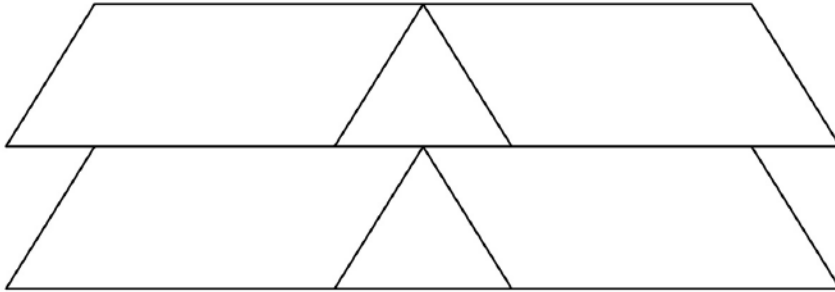
Must be false

(Total 1 mark)



**Q8b**

This shape is made from two triangles and four congruent parallelograms.



Not drawn accurately

Tick the correct box.

The triangles are congruent.

Must be true

Could be true

Must be false

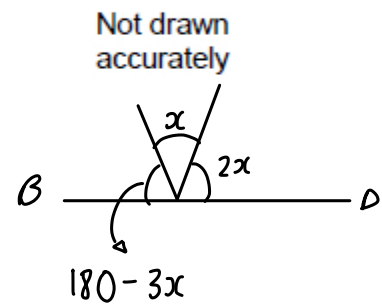
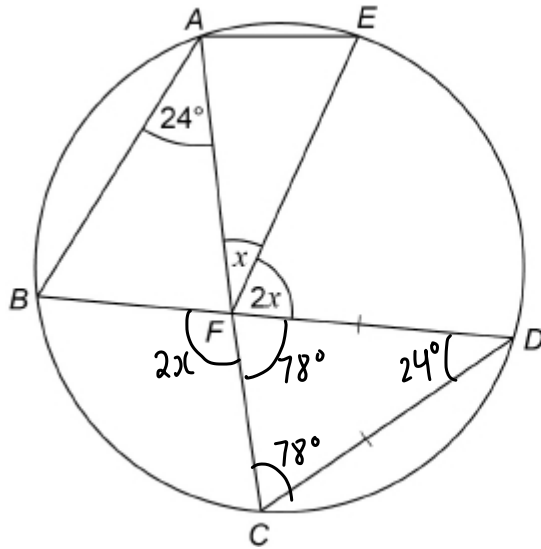
(Total 1 mark)

## Q19

$A, B, C, D$  and  $E$  are points on a circle.

$BFD$  and  $AFC$  are straight lines.

$DC = DF$



$$180 - 3x = 78$$

$$\therefore x = 34^\circ$$

Work out the size of angle  $x$ .

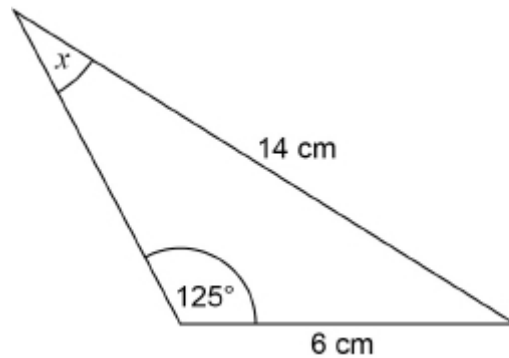
You **must** show your working which may be on the diagram.

Answer 34 degrees

(Total 4 marks)

## Q20

Work out the size of angle  $x$ .



Not drawn accurately

$$\frac{6}{\sin x} = \frac{14}{\sin(125)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin x = 0.351$$

$$x = 20.6$$

Answer 20.6 degrees

(Total 3 marks)

## Q7

The sum of the angles in any quadrilateral is  $360^\circ$

For example, in a rectangle  $4 \times 90^\circ = 360^\circ$

Zak writes,

$5 \times 90^\circ = 450^\circ$  so the sum of the angles in any pentagon must be  $450^\circ$

Is he correct?

Tick a box.

Yes

No

Show working to support your answer.

(Total 2 marks)

the angles in a pentagon are not right angles

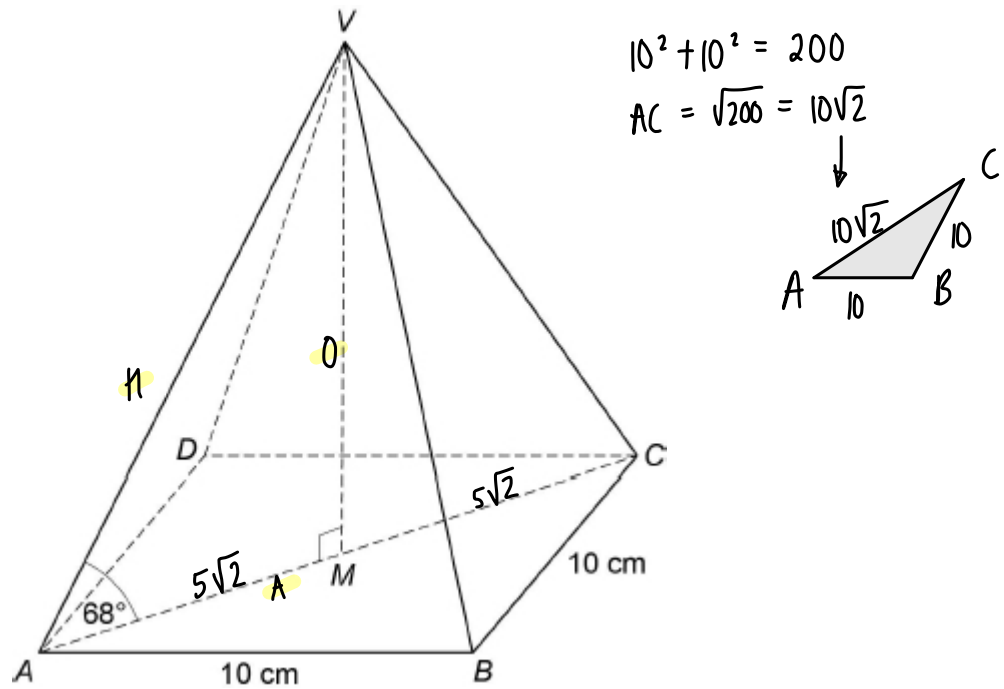
## Q27

$VABCD$  is a square-based pyramid.

The horizontal base  $ABCD$  has side length 10 cm and centre  $M$ .

Angle  $VMA$  is  $90^\circ$

Angle  $VAM$  is  $68^\circ$



$$\text{Volume of pyramid} = \frac{1}{3} \times \text{area of base} \times \text{perpendicular height}$$

Work out the volume of the pyramid.

Answer 583 cm<sup>3</sup>

(Total 6 marks)

$$\tan(68) = \frac{h}{5\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow h = 5\sqrt{2} \tan(68)$$

$$h = 17.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3} \times (10 \times 10) \times 17.5 \Rightarrow 583.38\dots$$